

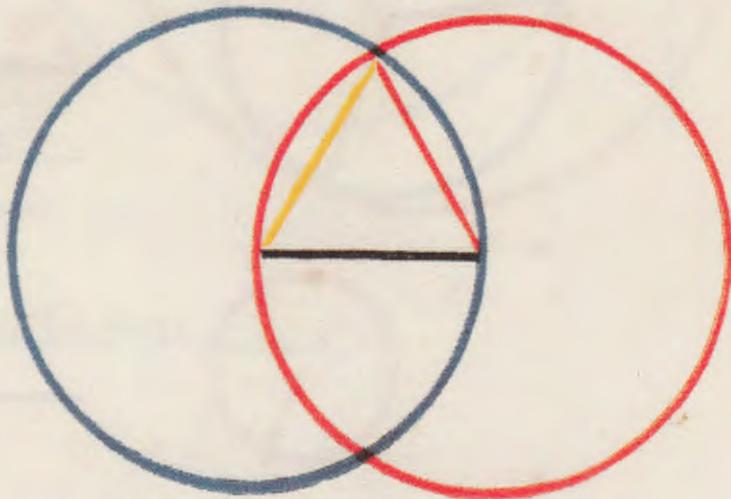


Euclid.

BOOK I.

PROPOSITION I. PROBLEM.

ON a given finite straight line (—) to describe an equilateral triangle.



Describe — and

— (postulate 3.) ; draw — and — (post. 1.).

then will be equilateral.

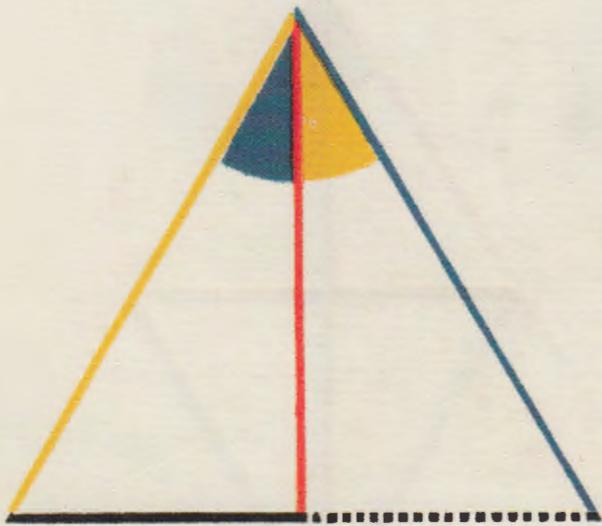
For — = — (def. 15.);

and — = — (def. 15.),

∴ — = — (axiom. 1.);

and therefore is the equilateral triangle required.

Q. E. D.



O bise^ct a given finite straight line (—).

Construct

draw ——, making

Then —— = ----- by (pr. 4.),

for —— = —— (const.)

and —— common to the two triangles.

Therefore the given line is bisected.

Q. E. D.