

### Hoja 3

1) Let  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a continuous function. A real number  $y$  is called *an extremal value* of  $f$  if there exists a point  $x_0$  such that  $f(x_0) = y$  and  $x_0$  is a point of local maximum or minimum of  $f$ . Prove that the set of extremal values of  $f$  is countable.

2) Prove that for any polynomial  $P$  with integer coefficients, there exists a positive integer  $k$  such that  $P(k)$  is not prime.

3) Define a set to be self-referenced if its number of elements is its element. For instance,  $\{1, 3, 4\}$  is self-referenced and  $\{1, 2, 4\}$  is not. Find the number of subsets of  $\{1, 2, \dots, n\}$  that are minimal self-referenced sets, which means that they are self-referenced and do not have any smaller self-referenced subset.

4) Show that there is an infinite number of powers of two which start by the digit 9.

5) Which of the two polynomials,

$$P(x) = (1 + x^2 - x^3)^{1000}, \quad Q(x) = (1 - x^2 + x^3)^{1000},$$

has larger coefficient at  $x^{400}$ ?