

Worksheet 7. Symmetric matrices. Eigenvalues and eigenvectors. Diagonalization.

- 1) Find the real eigenvectors of the following matrices:

$$\begin{array}{lll} a) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 6 \\ -3 & -5 \end{pmatrix} & b) \begin{pmatrix} 5 & -1 \\ 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix} & c) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \\ d) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} & e) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & -2 & -1 \\ -2 & 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} & f) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ g) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} & h) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & -3 \end{pmatrix} & i) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \end{array}$$

When possible, find a basis of eigenvectors for \mathbb{R}^n .

- 2) Find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the linear maps given by the following matrices:

$$a) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 2 \\ 5 & -3 & 3 \\ -1 & 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \quad b) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -5 & 2 \\ 5 & -7 & 3 \\ 6 & -9 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad c) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- 3) If possible, diagonalize the following matrices:

$$a) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \quad b) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad c) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

- 4) If possible, diagonalize the following matrices; in that case, find also a matrix P such that $A = PDP^{-1}$:

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}; \quad C = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

- 5) Given $A = \begin{pmatrix} 5/2 & -1 \\ 3 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$, find A^{1438} and $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} A^n$.

- 6) Given $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$, find A^{2016} .

- 7) Consider $A = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ a & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ b & d & 1 & 0 \\ c & e & f & 1 \end{pmatrix}$.

- a) Find the eigenvalues of A .
- b) For which values of a, b, c, d, e, f is A diagonalizable?
- c) When A is diagonalizable, find the eigensubspaces associated to the eigenvalues.
- d) Find the eigendecomposition of A .
- 8)** Prove or disprove the following statements:
- All invertible matrices are diagonalizable.
 - If A is diagonalizable, then A^n is diagonalizable for $n \in \mathbb{N}$.
 - If A and B are diagonalizable, then so are $A + B$ and AB .
- 9)** Find the values of a and b in \mathbb{R} for which the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} a & b & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ is diagonalizable in \mathbb{R} .
- 10)** Find the values of c for which the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & -2 - c \\ 0 & 1 & c \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ is diagonalizable.
- 11)** Let $f \in \text{End}(\mathbb{R}^3)$ be such that:
- $f(1, 1, 1) = (0, 0, 0)$ and
 - 2 y 3 are eigenvalues of f .
- Is f diagonalizable?
- 12)** Find the values of $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$ for which the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & b & 0 \\ a & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ is diagonalizable in \mathbb{R} .