Suppose X is a random variable best described by a uniform probability distribution with c = 10 and d = 30.

- a. Find f(x).
- b. Find the mean and standard deviation of x.
- c. Graph f(x), and locate μ and the interval $\mu \pm 2\sigma$ on the graph. Note that the probability that x assumes a value within the interval $\mu \pm 2\sigma$ is equal to 1.

b.
$$\mu = 15$$
 $\int^{2} = \frac{(20-10)^{2}}{12}$ $V = \frac{20-10}{\sqrt{12}} = 2.89$

c.
$$2.\sigma = 5.77$$
 $\mu \pm 24 = 15 \pm 5.77 = (9.23, 20.77)$